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## SAYS 1,500 NEW YORK TEACHERS MENTALLY OFF

### Many Hopelessly Insane, Affirms Doctor Altman

### CHAIR LEG SHOVED INTO ONE BOY'S EYE

### Instructors, Retired on Pension, Returned to Jobs to Save Money

New York, Mar. 26.—(AP)—The startling allegation that more than 1,500 of New York City's 36,000 school teachers are mentally unbalanced and many hopelessly insane, was made today in the World-Telegram by Dr. Emil Altman, chief medical examiner of the New York City Public School System.

Doctor Altman was quoted by the World-Telegram as saying that political influence, negligence of supervisors, principals, district superintendents and higher officials combined with the teachers' retirement board to keep in service or restore to payrolls teachers with maniacal tendencies.

In one case, said by the newspaper to have been taken from Doctor Altman's files, a woman teacher shoved a chair leg into a boy's eye and twisted the chair, in order, she said, "to distract attention of the class from myself."

The retirement board, Doctor Altman was quoted as saying, returned many teachers to service due to a policy of avoiding payment of pensions.

Political pressure in the case of another teacher, Doctor Altman stated, who suffered from "a maniac depressive psychosis," caused him to call in Dr. George H. Kirby, director of the State Psychiatric Institute, and the late Dr. Floyd C. Haviland, superintendent of the Manhattan State Hospital.

Their findings coincided with that of Doctor Altman, he said, but the retirement board rejected them as "simple restlessness" instead of medical symptoms.

The figure of 1,500, Doctor Altman said, was given recently by Louis Marks, chairman of the Board of Examiners of the school system. This figure "is extremely conservative," he was quoted as saying.

"Their friends say to us," the paper quotes Doctor Altman, "they need something to occupy them. That's true, but let them practice on gardening or house decorating, not on children.

"We recommend them for disability retirement. That costs the retirement board money. Pretty soon, it says, the teachers are cured and sends them back."

A result of this, the doctor continues, is that numbers of "deranged teachers" come to New York after losing jobs in other states. "We have drained the country of crackpots, you might say," he is quoted.

CWA workers are at present tabulating Doctor Altman's files to determine if there is such a thing as occupational disease among teachers. Results so far indicate, the World-Telegram states, that mental and nervous disorders are most frequent, with dementia praecox leading.

### Treasury Statement

Washington, Mar. 26—(AP)—The position of the Treasury March 22 was: Receipts, $22,408,487.26; expenditures, $15,034,282.05; balance $4,903,211,274.30; customs receipts for the month, $19,410,466.99.

Receipts for the fiscal year since July 1 were $2,274,308,413.42; expenditures $4,684,872,434.41, including $2,710,464,863.09 of emergency expenditures; excess of expenditures $2,410,564,020.99; gold assets, $7,656,864,561.15.

## Senate Bows To House on Wage Cuts

### Votes 59 to 19 to Accept Pay Provisions, Thus Saving 63 Millions

Washington, Mar. 26—(AP)—The Senate today concurred in the less liberal veterans' benefits voted by the House but added a clarifying amendment which requires House approval before the controverted independent offices bill may be sent to the White House.

Washington, Mar. 26—(AP)—The Senate today gave in to the House on the federal pay question and then took up the only remaining controversy over the independent offices bill—that relating to veterans' benefits.

By concurring in the House pay provisions, which are more acceptable to the White House, a $63,000,000 saving was accomplished.

The House amendments provide for restoration of one-third of the 15 per cent pay cut as of February 1, or about $26,000,000, and another third July 1, which will cost $126,000,000 for the next fiscal year.

The discarded Senate provisions would have restored the $26,000,000 and the entire 15 per cent July 1 at a cost of $189,000,000.

On veterans, the question was whether to accept the less liberal House provisions estimated to cost $83,000,000 or the $118,000,000 Senate sections.

The vote to accept the House pay clause was 59 to 19.

Fourteen Republicans, four Democrats and the Farmer-Labor member, Shipstead, voted against the House pay clause. Twelve Republicans lined up with 47 Democrats for it.

The Democrats voting against were Costigan, George, Long, and Neely. The Republicans answering "aye" were Barbour, Capper, Couzens, Cutting, Fess, Frazier, Hastings, Hebert, Kean, McNary, Norris and Steiwer.

## Il Duce Backed Up in Huge Vote

Rome, Mar. 26—(AP)—More than 10,000,000 voters registered their approval of Premier Mussolini and his Fascist regime in Sunday's elections.

With all returns in, only 15,265 contrary votes were recorded in the balloting on the 400 government-selected candidates—headed by Il Duce—for the 29th Chamber of Deputies.

Of 10,433,536 electors registered, 10,041,997 voted, a percentage of 96.25.

Favorable votes totaled 10,025,513 and 1,219 were disqualified. The percentage of favorable votes of the total number cast was 99.8.

There was no opposition list of candidates, but electors had the right to accept or reject the official selections.

## Ontario's CWA Strike Still on

Canandaigua, Mar. 26.—(AP)—Ontario County's CWA strike appeared as far from settlement as ever today. Strikers planned to confer this afternoon at Geneva with the County CWA authorities. They said these men told them they had no authority to raise wages, as the workers demanded, and that the state authorities told a committee of strikers this was entirely in the hands of the county CWA heads.

Strike leaders said they were determined to hold out for the 50 cents an hour and the 30-hour week for which they struck.

## THUNDER SQUALL LEVELS 75 HOMES IN NEW ORLEANS

### Five-Block Area Laid Waste By Blow

### INJURED BROUGHT OUT OF WRECKAGE

### Live Wires and Broken Gas Mains Form Peril to Life

New Orleans, Mar. 26—(AP)—A thunder squall of great intensity blew down at least 75 houses in a five block area in the Edgewood section of New Orleans shortly after 8 o'clock today. At least a dozen injured persons had been brought out of the wreckage but an hour after the catastrophe no dead had been reported. A baby was reported imprisoned, dead or alive, under a house.

The wind, in swooping, rising and falling blows, struck suddenly with terrific force, residents said. All of a sudden it turned dark as midnight, lights went out and roaring, whistling crashing noises followed. The blow had come and gone in two minutes but left destruction, turmoil and terror in its wake.

The wind followed the Almonaster Canal and blew out on Lake Pontchartrain. When the wind struck, the screams of horrified men, women and children were heard and when the policemen and firemen arrived, families, dazed from fright, were wandering about the debris in a heavy downpour of rain.

Live wires and broken gas mains often menaced passersby and police herded the families out of the stricken area into neighbor's homes.

The five block area presented a mass of twisted and torn houses, felled telegraph poles, smashed automobiles and garages.

The wind first struck a garage on St. Cloud Avenue, wrecked the building and crushed about 20 automobiles. It then skipped two blocks and leveled a filling station. It rose for another block and then settled down on the five-block area of dwellings.

The section consisted mainly of one story frame dwellings and sheds and was occupied by approximately 400 persons.

Max Zimmer, elevator operator in the Post Office Building, whose home was in the path of the wind, said:

"It came with a terrible noise, like a flock of freight trains. Everything shook like an earthquake. My house shook and the wind took off an edge of my shed and passed on. Everybody was screaming. My wife and children were badly frightened. Automobiles were turned over and smashed all over the neighborhood."

## Women Win World Contract Crown

New York, Mar. 26.—(AP)—Two society women of Winston-Salem, N. C., were recognized today as world champions at contract bridge.

Ely Culbertson's National Bridge Association announced that Mrs. Gene Hill and Mrs. George Whitaker had the best score of east-west players in the World Bridge Olympic held February 1.

More than 150,000 players competed in 1,167 simultaneous games in 43 countries. Sixteen prearranged hands were used in a competition against pars decided by leading experts.

The international north and south championship was won by Dr. Eugen Hilb and Robert Darvas of Budapest, Hungary.

National, sectional and state winners also were announced, including:

United States

North-south — Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Powell, Freeport, Tex.

East-west — Ernest Waters, Newark, N. J., and Julian M. West, Nutley, N. Y.

North-south—L. I. Herman and M. E. Boehm, New York City.

East-west—Mrs. Frank Hitchcock and Mrs. A. S. Frinckerhoff, Utica.

## Day's Weather

### FORECAST

Washington, Mar. 26—Western New York: Rain and somewhat warmer tonight and Tuesday morning, probably changing to snow and colder Tuesday afternoon.

### TEMPERATURES

(Water Dept. Thermometer)

| | 1934 | 1933 |
|---|---|---|
| Maximum | 56 | 43 |
| Minimum | 29 | 29 |

Sun rises today 5:54; sets 6:15
Sun rises tomorrow 5:53

## WANTS PROBE OF CHARGES VOICED BY DR. W. A. WIRT

### Resolution Calls for Quiz By Congress Group

### "BRAIN TRUST" IS ACCUSED OF PLOT

### Its Members Trying to Overthrow Government, Is Weird Report

Washington, Mar. 26.—(AP)—A resolution for a congressional investigation of statements by Dr. William A. Wirt, Gary, Indiana, educator, that members of the Roosevelt "brain trust" said they were attempting to overthrow the present government, was introduced today by Representative Bulwinkel (D.-N. C.).

It appeared likely the investigation—to be made by a select House committee—would be ordered.

Speaker Rainey referred the resolution to the House Rules Committee and Bulwinkle said he would ask for early hearings with a view to getting House action.

The inquiry would be conducted by five members to be appointed by the speaker.

The committee would be directed "to conduct a thorough investigation of the truth or falsity of the statements alleged to have been made" by Wirt.

The resolution related the statements were contained in a letter read to the House Interstate Commerce Committee by William H. Rand, Jr., head of the Committee for the Nation.

"It was alleged among other things," the resolution continued, "that certain employes of the United States or other individuals were attempting or would attempt to prolong suffering, destitution and misery among the people of the United States; that they were attempting or would attempt to thwart the program of national recovery in the United States; that they were attempting or would attempt to overthrow the social order that a revolution might be brought about in the United States, and that such employes or other individuals were attempting to influence the president of the United States to take action contrary to the general welfare and his constitutional duties."

The resolution also would authorize the committee to conduct the investigation "for the purpose of determining whether in the case of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce or in the case of any other committee of the House, any individuals, under the guise of disinterested purposes, or in purporting to express the legislative policies of the administration or of the executive agencies of the government, or with the prestige of close personal, official or unofficial relations with the executive agencies and officials of the government, have in any manner advised or influenced, or attempted to advise or influence, the preparation and enactment of any legislation with the object of prolonging economic depression, thwarting the program of national recovery, or overthrowing the social order or the government of the United States."

The committee would be directed to report to the House during the present session the results of its investigation, together with such recommendations it deems advisable. It would be given power to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses.

## Death of Julian, Fugitive Oil King, Is Probed

Shanghai, Mar. 26.—(AP)—The death of C. C. Julian, who made millions in oil and died in poverty, was coldly and officially recorded in a Shanghai public mortuary today.

C. E. Vandeveer, an American who knew Julian in California a quarter of a century ago, identified the body.

It was said there would be no official opinion as to the cause of death until a formal inquest Thursday. Physicians who worked over Julian after he had been found in an Astor House Hotel room yesterday by the young woman who was his dinner companion said that without doubt Julian took his own life.

However, some of Julian's close associates here insisted they believed he killed himself unintentionally.

As Julian now has been officially identified, it is possible for friends to go ahead with funeral plans. The funeral is expected to be held Tuesday or Wednesday.

It seemed likely that this man who once was a millionaire and who even to the time of his death claimed to own property in California and Oklahoma worth millions, would go to a charity grav[illegible].

# *Auto Makers Thank Roosevelt For Settling Labor Dispute*

## *Wagner's Measure Is Scored*

### Manufacturers' Spokesman Says Labor Board Has Shown Marked Bias

Washington, Mar. 26.—(AP)—The Wagner bill to outlaw company unions was termed "invalid in law and unsound in policy" today by the National Association of Manufacturers.

James A. Emery, counsel, expressed the views of the manufacturers to the committee. He contended the bill by Senator Wagner (D-NY) chairman of the National Labor Board, would "excite irritation, resentment and bitterness in employment relations."

Emery said the National Labor Board had displayed "marked bias and usurped authority it did not possess" and Wagner immediately challenged the claim.

Emery contended the board had "lost the confidence of the employer" and had assumed jurisdiction in six or seven cases where it did not have authority to do so.

"That statement," Wagner said, "has no basis in fact. I speak from experience and you speak from hearsay."

Previously the committee indicated it would eliminate a section of the bill abrogating all contracts or agreements conflicting with provisions of the bill.

This was disclosed after Senator Borah (R-Idaho) had questioned the constitutionality of the abrogation clause.

Wagner and other members of the committee agreed the section should be stricken out.

Wagner also said he favored amending the measure to define as an "unfair labor practice" any interference regardless of who does the intimidating.

A brief controversy developed at the outset when Senator Wagner entered late and found Emery's testimony being broadcast.

Chairman Walsh (D-Mass.) had opened the hearing, at which Gen. Hugh Johnson was to have been the first witness.

When Johnson did not show up in time, Emery took the stand.

"I'm sorry the broadcasting companies were not as interested when those appearing in favor of this bill were here," said Wagner.

Walsh said he had tried to be "fair." The broadcast was said to have been arranged for Johnson.

## President Will Sail Tomorrow On Fishing Trip

Washington, Mar. 26.—(AP)—President Roosevelt, now that a load is off his mind, heeded the call of southern seas today. Cheered by the settlement of the automobile trouble, he packed up to sail tomorrow night on a fishing cruise.

The chief executive, however, is seeking a solution of three other pressing problems before taking the train for Jacksonville, Florida, where he will board the yacht Nourmahal, owned by Vincent Astor.

He wants to see the railroad wage controversy settled; some definite action by Congress on the veterans government pay row and an understanding on return of the airmail to private companies.

Leaving here tomorrow night, Mr. Roosevelt plans to board the Nourmahal Wednesday morning in Jacksonville and head for the fishing grounds in the warm waters to the South.

He will be back in Washington by the end of next week, thus giving opportunity for action on any legislation which may be passed by Congress before the ten-day constitutional time limit elapses.

## Dillinger Gang Member Gets Life

Lima, O., Mar. 26.—(AP)—Russell Clark, looking a trifle sleepy as usual, was brought before Common Pleas Judge E. E. Everett today and sentenced to serve a life-term in the Ohio Penitentiary for the murder of Sheriff Jess L. Sarber last October.

Clark is the third Dillinger gangster to appear before Judge Everett for the murder and the delivery of John Dillinger from the jail here. Harry Pierpont and Charles Makley were sentenced Saturday to die in the electric [illegible].

## NEW LABOR ORDER SEEN CREATED IN MOTORCAR ACCORD

### Both Sides Grateful to Roosevelt and Johnson for Settlement of Dispute That Threatened General Strike in Auto Industry—New Board to Be Named

(By James Cope)

Washington, Mar. 26—(AP)—President Roosevelt looks for a new order in the relations between the working man and his employer as a result of his 11th-hour settlement of the controversy that threatened a general strike in the automobile industry.

He and Gen. Hugh S. Johnson obtained an agreement from executives and labor leaders last night after weeks of exhausting negotiations. It established representation for all employes of dealing with management, while extending fresh safeguards to all unions against intimidation or interference.

"It is my hope," said the president, "that this system may develop into a kind of works council in industry in which all groups of employes, whatever may be their choice of organization or form of representation, may participate in joint conference with their employers."

He hailed this as basis for a more comprehensive, adequate and equitable system of relations than ever has existed in a large industry.

**To Create Board**

Under the agreement the NRA planned to complete before nightfall a three-man board, with one neutral member and one from either side. It will sit in Detroit and there settle all questions of employe representation, including discharges and claims of discrimination.

The name of Richard E. Byrd of Pontiac, Mich., was handed to the president by spokesmen of the automobile workers as their nominee to represent labor on the three-man mediation board.

The motor car executives had several men in mind as their representative, but put off a definite choice until later today. Johnson also had several in mind to serve as the third or neutral member.

Decisions of this board shall be final, and it shall have access to all payrolls and union lists. On the basis of these it shall apportion the number of employe representatives in each plant—A. F. of L. local, company union or other union—in ratio to the number of men belonging to each.

The union lists need not be disclosed to the management except on order of the president himself, but unless they are, union men cannot bring claims of discrimination.

In laying off men, when the high production period ends, the companies are pledged to consider "human relationships" first—to protect the jobs of married men with families above all and then take seniority, individual skill and efficient service as guides. Past that point, they may not lay off a greater proportion of men belonging to outside unions than of other employes.

"Outside union employes" are defined as paid-up members in good standing "or anyone legally obligated to pay up."

This agreement was accepted by both sides with expressions of satisfaction. Said Alvan MacCauley, president of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce:

**Grateful to President**

"We are very grateful to the president and to General Johnson that they have been able to find a settlement in accord with the principles in which we believe."

William Green, president of the Federation of Labor, made this statement:

"This means that while the workers gained the principal point for which they were contending—strict observance of Section 7A of the Recovery Act, the automobile manufacturers have simply given assurance of * * * their willingness to obey the law. There is no basis for a claim * * * that either has gained a victory over the other."

The solution of the automobile deadlock lifted from the administration one of its greatest industrial worries. Had the strike occurred, officials feared, there would have been no stopping industrial discord from spreading to other fields in enough volume to nullify much of what has been done toward recovery.

## No Rum Control Unless Law Makers Act This Week

(By Max Harrelson, Associated Press Staff Writer.)

Albany, Mar. 2.—(AP)—To prevent the expiration of all regulations controlling the manufacture and sale of liquor in New York State, the Legislature will have to enact some sort of liquor control legislation before the end of the present week.

The temporary licenses and regulations under which the liquor traffic has been governed since the repeal of the 18th amendment will expire Saturday night.

Legislative leaders believe the only possible way to take care of the situation is to pass the Kleinfeld bill extending the present licensing system until October 1. The measure was passed by the Senate last Thursday but was blocked in the Assembly when Assemblyman William Brietenbach, Brooklyn Democrat, objected to immediate advancement.

It is believed that the measure will be reported favorably by the Judiciary Committee tonight and passed before the end of the week.

Both Democratic and Republican leaders have made a "gentleman's agreement" with Governor Lehman to extend the present plan until October 1, but to make every effort to get a permanent liquor control system adopted before the session ends. The leaders are agreed that, in the event no permanent plan has been adopted by April 20, they will extend the life of the control board until February 1. This understanding was insisted upon by Governor Lehman to make sure that no special session would be required.

A public hearing will be held on all liquor control legislation Wednesday.

The Legislature also must act this week to prevent expiration of the state's milk control law. A hearing already has been held on milk legislation, and the Senate and Assembly Committees on Agriculture have under consideration a plan to create a permanent milk control division in the State Department of Agriculture and Markets and to extend the price-fixing powers for one year.

The committees may report favorably on this measure and ask for immediate action, or it may ask for an extension of the present law to permit further consideration of the permanent plan as requested by some dealers and producers at the hearing last Friday.

## Veterans Step Into Politics to Back Doumergue

Paris, Mar. 26—(AP)—War veterans, three million strong, stepped into France's troubled politics today with a program to modernize the government.

The Veterans' National Federation abandoned its traditional policy of neutrality yesterday and by the unanimous vote of its council decided to take an active part in the nation's political life.

As this powerful group rallied to the support of Premier Doumergue in his drive to restore calm, Extremists battled in several cities, notably Tours and Toulon. Today, fearing new outbreaks, authorities took special precaution at Tours to maintain order. Gendarmes said shots were fired there yesterday in violent street fighting between Rightist and Leftist factions.

Three naval officers were among the 56 persons hurt, four seriously before police succeeded in scattering mobs of struggling Royalists and Socialists at Toulon.

**Escape From Jail.**

Warsaw, N. Y., Mar. 26.—(AP)—Using a buttonhook to pick two locks two prisoners escaped from the Wyoming County Jail last night. They are Clifford J. Dale, 23, and Frank J. Frankowski, 23, both of Perry. It was the jailer's night off and the sheriff in his quarters did not hear them.

## *Strike of 100,000 Is Averted*

### Taxi Trouble in New York Brings Conference With La Guardia

**Washington, Mar. 26. — (UP) —A delegation of automobile manufacturers called at the White House today to thank President Roosevelt for his part in settling the threatened strike.**

**Alvan MacCauley of the Packard Motor Car Company, speaking for the group said:**

"We came to thank the president for his patience and constructive aid in solving this difficult problem."

Those with him were Alfred P. Sloan of General Motors and Roy D. Chapin of the Hudson Motor Car Co.

Developments in the labor situation today were:

Washington—President Roosevelt achieved settlement of the threatened strike of more than 100,000 automobile workers; settlement bars discrimination among employes, provides for pro rata representation in collective bargaining and sets up a board to pass on disputes concerning representation, discrimination, and discharges.

Detroit—The automobile capital and subsidiary centers at Flint, Pontiac and Lansing rejoiced at the settlement. An independent labor organization, the Mechanics' Education Society, representing tool and die designers, protested because they had no representation on the bargaining committee and threatened to strike.

Cleveland—Police used tear gas bombs to quell a fight that broke out at the Cleveland Worsted Mills when a group of men and women attempted to penetrate picket lines into the mill. A dozen pickets were arrested.

Brawley, Calif., A federal investigation of rival union factions in the strike of Imperial Valley vegetable workers after the kidnaping of Dr. Alexander Irvine and his niece, Lenore Hardin, both of whom were released.

Manchester, Conn.—One hundred and forty weavers and spinners walked out at the woolen plant of the E. E. Hilliard Co. in a strike for 12½ per cent. higher wages.

New York—Another conference of striking taxicab drivers and fleet owners with Mayor LaGuardia's representatives was scheduled after renewed violence broke out over the week-end. Owners charged strikers violated Saturday's peace agreement by continued wrecking of cabs.

**On Taxi Strike**

New York, Mar. 26.— (AP) — Leaders of New York's taxicab strike went to City Hall today in response to a summons from Mayor F. H. LaGuardia to explain last night's renewal of violence after a three-day lull.

The disorders broke out after striking drivers voted to reject a peace program worked out at City Hall with the mayor Saturday. A dozen cabs were damaged.

Samuel Orner, president of the Manhattan local, said dissatisfaction arose because his followers objected to individual polls of the large companies. He said his organization wanted all drivers in

(Continued on Page 7)

## Furlough Order Exempts 40,000

Washington, Mar. 26 — (AP) — Exemption of about 40,000 postal workers from Postmaster General Farley's furlough order requiring workers in the field service to be furloughed without pay for four days during the remainder of the fiscal year was announced today by the Postoffice Department.

The exemption applies to assistant postmasters at third-class postoffices, and clerks at third-class postoffices or to job cleaners receiving less than $720 a year.

The department explained that none of the workers affected by today's ruling were the classified service.

There are 10,015 third-class postoffices.

## Temporary Airmail Bill Now Goes to White House

Washington, Mar. 26.—(AP)—The House today approved the administration's temporary aicmail bill, completing Congressional action on the measure. It now goes to the White House.

There was no doubt on Capitol Hill that President Roosevelt would sign it.

Without a dissenting vote, the House adopted a conference report compromising its differences with the Senate.

In final form, the bill authorizes the postmaster general to use army airplanes and equipment for mail carrying; requires that the planes be equipped for "safe" day and night flying and the pilots trained in the use of the equipment; allows payment of expenses incurred by men used in the mail service; permits the replacement and repair of planes lost or damaged in mail service and directs the postmaster general to tell Congress on the first day of its next session how much it cost to have the army carry the mails.

Meanwhile, Senator McCarran (D-Nev.) said he would introduce a new bill providing for return of airmail to private carriers, without competitive bidding, under the regulation of an Interstate Air Commerce Commission.

No ban would be placed on companies which have been charged with combining to prevent competitive bidding, but they would be forced to free themselves from directorships interlocking with other aviation concerns. They would be permitted to hold stock in other companies as an investment, however.

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